# INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY TIRUPATI DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND STATISTICS

Project - 1 MA517M-Basic Programming Laboratory Last Date: 09 November 2025 Name Roll No.: MA25M011

# Rational Numbers (Fractions) using C++ Classes and Operator Overloading

**Objective:** To design a C++ program that implements fractions using classes, automatically simplifies them using GCD, and supports arithmetic operations, comparison, and display using operator overloading.

A rational number is of the form

$$\frac{p}{q}, \quad q \neq 0$$

where p and q are integers. Fractions are automatically reduced to simplest form using the greatest common divisor (GCD) of p and q.

### **Problem Description**

Design a class Rational to represent fractions. The class should perform arithmetic operations, comparisons, and display in reduced form using operator overloading.

## **Class Specification**

- Class Name: Rational
- Private Data Members:
  - int numerator;
  - int denominator;
  - void simplify();
- Public Member Functions:
  - Rational(int p=0, int q=1);
  - void display() const;
  - int getNumerator() const;
  - int getDenominator() const;

#### **Operator Overloading**

- operator +(), -, \*, /() Performs addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of fractions
- operator ==(), !=(), <(), >() Compares two fractions
- operator <<() Displays the fraction in simplest form

#### **Tasks**

- 1. Create fractions  $f_1 = \frac{6}{8}$  and  $f_2 = \frac{3}{4}$
- 2. Automatically simplify fractions using GCD
- 3. Compute  $f_1 + f_2$ ,  $f_1 f_2$ ,  $f_1 * f_2$ ,  $f_1/f_2$
- 4. Compare fractions using overloaded comparison operators
- 5. Display results using the overloaded << operator

# **Expected Output Example**

```
f1 = 6/8 simplified = 3/4
f2 = 3/4

f1 + f2 = 3/2
f1 - f2 = 0/1
f1 * f2 = 9/16
f1 / f2 = 1/1

f1 == f2 : True
f1 < f2 : False</pre>
```

# Project - 2: Conway's Game of Life Using C++ Classes

#### **Problem Statement**

Design and implement Conway's Game of Life using C++ classes. This is a zero-player game where the evolution of a 2D grid is determined by its initial state and simple rules. Each cell in the grid can be *alive* or *dead*, and the next generation of the grid is calculated based on the number of alive neighbors. The project should utilize object-oriented programming concepts such as classes, objects, encapsulation, and methods for handling game logic and grid updates.

#### **Project Requirements**

- 1. Create a Cell class to represent a single cell in the grid.
  - (a) Data member: current state (alive or dead)
  - (b) Methods: setState(), getState()
- 2. Create a Grid class to represent the game board (matrix).
  - (a) Initialize the grid with random alive and dead cells.
  - (b) Include a method to display the current state of the grid.
  - (c) Include a method to count alive neighbors for each cell.
  - (d) Include a method to update the grid according to the following rules:
    - Any live cell with fewer than two live neighbors dies (underpopulation).

- Any live cell with two or three live neighbors lives on.
- Any live cell with more than three live neighbors dies (overpopulation).
- Any dead cell with exactly three live neighbors becomes alive (reproduction).
- 3. Create a Game class to manage simulation.
  - (a) Display options for the user: Start, Next Generation, or Quit.
  - (b) Allow the user to advance the simulation one generation at a time.
  - (c) Allow the user to quit and confirm before exiting.
  - (d) Optionally, allow the user to specify the number of generations to simulate automatically.
- 4. Ensure proper encapsulation of cell and grid operations within the respective classes.

### Suggested Class Structure

- 1. Cell Class:
  - Data member: bool isAlive
  - Methods: setState(bool state), getState()
- 2. Grid Class:
  - Data member: 2D array of Cell objects
  - Methods: initializeGrid(), displayGrid(), countAliveNeighbors(int row, int col), update-Grid()
- 3. Game Class:
  - Data member: Grid object, user choice, generation counter
  - Methods: startGame(), nextGeneration(), confirmQuit()

#### Reference

For more details about Conway's Game of Life, visit: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Conway's\_Game\_of\_Life